"Collateral Error as One of the Administrative Responsibility
Pillars of the State Public Administration: An Analytical Study in
Light of Jurisprudential Opinions and Judicial Rulings"

By
Mohammad Albaloay
Supervised By
Mohammad almajali

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The administrative liability in the Jordanian judiciary depends on proving the fault on the part of the administration to compensate the aggrieved party, as the application of the theory of liability without fault is rejected. The departmental fault is defined as a breach that is inseparable from the performance of the function, which occurs in good faith and without gross intent. This fault is committed during the performance of the employee's duties and reflects the human nature prone to error. Determining the type of fault, whether personal or departmental, is left to the discretion of the judge in each case.

The aim of this study was to determine the nature of departmental fault, its origin, source, cases, and forms. The study concluded with several findings, the most prominent of which are: the study showed that legal jurisprudence and judicial rulings consider departmental fault as the basis for administrative liability, which enhances the rights of individuals in the face of administrative shortcomings. Based on the results of the study, the researcher recommended developing control mechanisms: The public

administration needs to develop effective monitoring mechanisms to detect and prevent departmental faults before they occur, through employee training and improving work procedures.

Keywords: administrative liability, fault, departmental fault.